## **CLAIMS**

 A process for preparing a compound of the formula I', or a salt, hydrate or polymorph thereof,

wherein

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 ${\bf R}^1$  and  ${\bf R}^2$  are both independently selected from the group consisting of

- (1) hydrogen,
- (2) halogen,
  - (3) nitro,
  - (4) lower alkyl,
  - (5) halo(lower)alkyl,
  - (6) hydroxy(lower)alkyl,
  - (7) cyclo(lower)alkyl,
  - (8) lower alkenyl,
  - (9) lower alkoxy,
  - (10) halo(lower)alkoxy,
  - (11) lower alkylthio,
- 20 (12) carboxyl,
  - (13) lower alkanoyl,
  - (14) lower alkoxycarbonyl,

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- (15) lower alkylene optionally substituted with oxo, and
- (16) -Q-Ar<sup>2</sup>, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of a single bond and a carbonyl, and

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wherein Ar2 is selected from the group consisting of

- (1) aryl, and
- (2) heteroaryl,

wherein Ar<sup>2</sup> is unsubstituted or substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of

- (a) halogen,
- (b) cyano,
- (c) lower alkyl,
- (d) halo(lower)alkyl,
- (e) hydroxy(lower)alkyl,
- (f) hydroxy,
- (g) lower alkoxy,
- (h) halo(lower)alkoxy,
- (i) lower alkylamino,

(j) di-lower alkylamino,

- (k) lower alkanoyl, and
- (1) aryl;

comprising the steps of:

(a) forming a hydrazine solution;

(b) adding a compound of formula V

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$$R^3O$$
 , wherein

V

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^3$  is selected from the group consisting of

- (1) lower alkyl,
- (2) aryl, and
- (3) -CH2aryl,

to the hydrazine solution of step (a) to form a mixture; and

(c) heating the mixture of step (b) to a temperature between about 50°C to about 100°C;

to afford the compound I', or a salt, hydrate or polymorph thereof.

- 2. The process of Claim 1 wherein the hydrazine solution of step
- (a) is formed by dissolving a compound of formula III'

- 111'

in a solvent.

- 3. The process of Claim 2, wherein the solvent is selected from the group consisting of
- 20 (a)  $C_{1-4}$  alcohol;
  - (b) toluene;
  - (c) tetrahydrofuran; and

- (d) dimethylformamide;
  or a mixture thereof.
- 4. The process of Claim 3 wherein the solvent is ethanol.
- 5. The process of Claim 1 wherein the hydrazine solution of step
  (a) is formed by treating a salt of a compound of formula III'

with a base in a solvent.

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- 6. The process of Claim 5 wherein the solvent is selected from the group consisting of
  - (a)  $C_{1-4}$  alcohol;
  - (b) toluene;

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- (c) tetrahydrofuran; and
- (d) dimethylformamide;

or a mixture thereof.

7. The process of Claim 6 wherein the solvent is ethanol.

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8. The process of Claim 5 wherein the salt of the compound of formula III' is selected from the group consisting of acetic acid salt, oxalic acid salt, hydrochloride salt, hydrobromide salt, dihydrobromide salt, mesylate salt, tosylate salt, besylate salt and sulfate salt.

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- 9. The process of Claim 8 wherein the salt of the compound of formula III' is a hydrochloride salt.
- 5 10. The process of Claim 5 wherein the base is selected from the group consisting of
  - (a) sodium ethoxide;
  - (b) sodium methoxide;
  - (c) lower alkylamine;
  - (d) 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene;
  - (e) potassium t-butoxide; and
  - (f) sodium hydroxide.
- 11. The process of Claim 10 wherein the base is sodium ethoxide.
  - 12. The process of Claim 1 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  are both independently selected from the group consisting of
    - (1) hydrogen,
    - (2) halogen,
- 20 (3) lower alkyl,
  - (4) halo(lower)alkyl,
  - (5) lower alkenyl,
  - (6) lower alkanoyl,
  - (7) lower alkylene, optionally substituted with oxo, and
  - (8) -Q-Ar<sup>2</sup>, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of a single bond and a carbonyl, and wherein Ar<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of
  - (1) aryl, and

(2) heteroaryl,

wherein  ${\tt Ar}^2$  is unsubstituted or substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of

(a) halogen,

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- (b) cyano,
- (c) lower alkyl,
- (d) halo(lower)alkyl,
- (e) hydroxy(lower)alkyl,
- (f) hydroxy,

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- (g) lower alkoxy,
- (h) halo(lower)alkoxy,
- (i) lower alkylamino,
- (j) di-lower alkylamino,
- (k) lower alkanoyl, and

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- (1) aryl.
- 13. The process of Claim 12 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrogen and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is selected from the group consisting of
  - (1) hydrogen,

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- (2) 2-fluoro,
- (3) 3-fluoro,
- (4) 4-fluoro,
- (5) 5-fluoro,
- (6) 2-chloro,

- (7) 3-chloro,
- (8) 4-chloro,
- (9) 2-difluoromethoxy,
- (10) 3-difluoromethoxy,
- (11) 2-methyl,

- (12) 2-pyridyl,
- (13) 2-quinolyl, and
- (14) 3-quinolyl.
- 5 14. The process of Claim 13 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrogen and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is selected from the group consisting of
  - (1) hydrogen,
  - (2) 2-fluoro,
  - (3) 3-fluoro, and
- 10 (4) 4-fluoro.

- 15. The process of Claim 14 wherein both  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are hydrogen.
- 16. The process of Claim 14 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrogen and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is 2-fluoro.
  - 17. The process of Claim 14 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrogen and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is 4-fluoro.
- 20 18. The process of Claim 1 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl.
  - 19. The process of Claim 18 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, and -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.
    - 20. The process of Claim 19 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is  $-CH_2CH_3$ .

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- 21. The process of Claim 1 further comprising the step (d) of isolating the compound I'.
- 22. The process of Claim 1 further comprising the step (e) of treating compound I' with an acid to form a salt.
- 23. The process of Claim 22 wherein the acid of step (e) is selected from the group consisting of acetic acid, oxalic acid, hydrobromic acid, hydrochloric acid, anhydrous p-toluene-sulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid hydrate, p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate, benzenesulfonic acid, and methanesulfonic acid, or a mixture thereof.
- 24. The process of Claim 23 wherein the acid of step (e) is selected from the group consisting of acetic acid, oxalic acid, hydrochloric acid, anhydrous p-toluenesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid hydrate, benzenesulfonic acid, and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate, or a mixture thereof.
- 20 25. The process of Claim 24 wherein the acid of step (e) is p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate.
  - 26. The process of Claim 24 wherein the acid of step (e) is hydrochloric acid.

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27. A compound of formula 1-4

1-4

or a hydrate or polymorph thereof.

5 28. A compound which is a crystalline form of the tosylate salt of compound 1-4

1-4

- 29. The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing an angle 2 theta value of 14.2 14.3°.
  - 30. The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing an angle 2 theta value of  $14.24^{\circ}$ .
  - 31. The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing the following angle 2 theta values: 14.2 14.3° and 21.6 21.7°.

The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction 32. pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing the following angle 2 theta values:  $14.2 - 14.3^{\circ}$ ,  $20.0 - 20.1^{\circ}$ , and  $21.6 - 21.7^{\circ}$ .

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The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing an angle 2 theta value of 8.6 - 8.7°.

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- The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing an angle 2 theta value of 8.68°.
- The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing the following 15 angle 2 theta values:
  - $8.6 8.7^{\circ}$  and  $11.9 12.0^{\circ}$ .

- The compound of Claim 28 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing the following angle 2 theta values:
  - 8.6 8.7°, 11.9 12.0°, and 20.5 20.6°.
  - 37. A compound of formula 2-1

or a hydrate or polymorph thereof.

38. A compound which is a crystalline form of the hydrochloride 5 salt of compound 2-1

39. The compound of Claim 38 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing the following angle 2 theta value:

 $19.9 - 20.0^{\circ}$ .

40. The compound of Claim 38 having an x-ray powder diffraction pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing the following angle 2 theta value:

19.94°.

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41. The compound of Claim 38 having an x-ray powder diffraction

pattern obtained using Cu radiation containing the following angle 2 theta values:

 $10.9 - 11.0^{\circ}$ ,  $19.9 - 20.0^{\circ}$ , and  $24.6 - 24.7^{\circ}$ .

5 42. A process for preparing a compound of the formula I, or a salt, hydrate or polymorph thereof,

Xa is CH, CR1, CR2 or nitrogen;

 ${\tt R}^1$  and  ${\tt R}^2$  are both independently selected from the group consisting of

- (1) hydrogen,
- (2) halogen,
- (3) nitro,

- (4) lower alkyl,
- (5) halo(lower)alkyl,
  - (6) hydroxy(lower)alkyl,
  - (7) cyclo(lower)alkyl,
  - (8) lower alkenyl,
  - (9) lower alkoxy,
- 20 (10) halo(lower)alkoxy,
  - (11) lower alkylthio,
  - (12) carboxyl,
  - (13) lower alkanoyl,

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- (14) lower alkoxycarbonyl,
- (15) lower alkylene optionally substituted with oxo, and
- (16)  $-Q-Ar^2$ , wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of a single bond and a carbonyl, and wherein  $Ar^2$  is selected from the group consisting of
- (1) aryl, and
- (2) heteroaryl,

wherein Ar<sup>2</sup> is unsubstituted or substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of

- (a) halogen,
- (b) cyano,
- (c) lower alkyl,
- (d) halo(lower)alkyl,
- (e) hydroxy(lower)alkyl,
  - (f) hydroxy,
  - (g) lower alkoxy,
  - (h) halo(lower)alkoxy,
  - (i) lower alkylamino,
  - (j) di-lower alkylamino,
  - (k) lower alkanoyl, and
  - (1) aryl;

comprising the steps of:

- (a) forming a hydrazine solution;
  - (b) adding a compound of formula V

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}^3$  is selected from the group consisting of

- (1) lower alkyl,
- (2) aryl, and
- (3) -CH2aryl,

to the hydrazine solution of step (a) to form a mixture; and

(c) heating the mixture of step (b) to a temperature between about 50°C to about 100°C;

to afford the compound I, or a salt, hydrate or polymorph thereof.

43. The process of Claim 42 wherein the hydrazine solution of step (a) is formed by treating a compound of salt of formula III

salt of III

- 15 with a base in a solvent.
  - 44. The process of Claim 43 wherein the base is potassium tert-butoxide, and the solvent is tert-butanol.
- 20 45. The process of Claim 42 further comprising the step (e) of treating the compound of formula I

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with an acid to form a salt.